DMC/DC/F.14/Comp.3803/2/2024/ 28th May, 2024

**O R D E R**

The Delhi Medical Council through its Disciplinary Committee examined a representation from Police Station Dabri Delhi, seeking medical opinion in respect of death of Smt. Renu w/o Shri Ajay Kumar r/o H.No. A-43, A-Block, Gali No. 2, Mahavir Enclave part-2, Delhi, allegedly due to medical negligence on the part of the doctors of Laxmi Clinic, RZ-G-11, Som Bazar, 30 Feet Road, Sita Puri, part-II, New Delhi-110045, resulting in her death on 08.06.2022 at DDU Hospital, where she subsequently received treatment.

The Order of the Disciplinary Committee dated 02nd May, 2024 is reproduced herein-below:-

The Disciplinary Committee of the Delhi Medical Council examined a representation from Police Station Dabri Delhi, seeking medical opinion in respect of death of Smt. Renu (referred hereinafter as the patient) w/o Shri Ajay Kumar r/o H.No. A-43, A-Block, Gali No. 2, Mahavir Enclave part-2, Delhi (referred hereinafter as the complainant), allegedly due to medical negligence on the part of the doctors of Laxmi Clinic, RZ-G-11, Som Bazar, 30 Feet Road, Sita Puri, part-II, New Delhi-110045 (referred hereinafter as the said Clinic), resulting in her death on 08.06.2022 at DDU Hospital, where she subsequently received treatment.

The Disciplinary Committee perused the representation from police, written statement of Shri Shripal owner of Laxmi Clinic, enclosing therewith written statement of Smt. Sushma Devi, Dr. Vishal Rajput, copy of medical records of DDU Hospital, Post mortem report no. 1483/2022 dated 10.06.2022 and other documents on record.

The following were heard in person:-

1. Shri Ajay Kumar Complainant
2. Shri Manoj Kumar Complainant’s brother
3. Smt. Sushma Devi B.E.M.S, Laxmi Clinic
4. Dr. Vishal Rajput M.D. Medicine, Laxmi Clinic
5. Shri Shripal Director, Laxmi Clinic

It is noted that the police in its representation has averred that an information vide DD no. 87A dated 08th June, 2022 was received from DDU Hospital at Police Station Dabri regarding death of the patient during treatment. The patient Smt. Renu, aged 26 years was admitted under MLC no. 5067/22 on 07th June, 2022 and during the treatment, she was declared dead. Thereafter, the dead body was shifted to Mortuary of DDU Hospital. After that, the complainant and the family members were enquired and their statements were recorded. Wherein they stated that the patient was pregnant and had abdominal pain and bleeding. So they approached Laxmi Clinic, Sita puri for the treatment on 03rd June, 2022. Thereafter, as per the prescription of the doctor at Laxmi clinic, an ultra sound was conducted. The reports were shown to the doctor at Laxmi Clinic who suggested for D&C procedure and the same was done in Laxmi Clinic by a lady (seems to be a doctor). After that, the patient was discharged on the same day but she was feeling unusual abdominal pain continuously. Thereafter, on next day, the patient again visited Laxmi Clinic with severe abdominal pain. Thereafter, she was given one injection and some medicines to get relief from pain. The abdominal pain was continuously increasing and the condition of the patient became very serious. On 07th June, 2022, the patient again visited Laxmi Clinic for the treatment, on which, the doctors (male and female) at Laxmi clinic advised to go to any higher centre or another hospital because now they did not had sufficient facility at clinic to treat the patient. Thereafter, the patient was admitted in DDU Hospital on 07th June, 2022 and during treatment, she was declared dead on 08th June, 2022. There are allegations of medical negligence against Laxmi Clinic, so a request was sent to constitute a Medical Board of the doctors for post-mortem of the patient. A Medical Board was constituted and the dead body of the patient was shifted to Vardhman Mahavir Medical College Safdarjung Hospital, where a Board of doctors conducted post-mortem of the patient vide post-mortem report no. 1483/22 dated 10th June, 2022 and videography of the same was also done. After post-mortem, the doctor handed over three sealed pulanda containing clothes, viscera and section of liver, kidney, spleen, pancreas, lings, brain, intestine, ovaries sealed with the seal of Vardhman Mahavir Medical College and Safdarjung Hospital FMT. The exhibits have been sent for the examination and expert opinion. During enquiry, the doctors at Laxmi Clinic were examined and asked to produce the registration certificate of Clinic and their qualification certificate in the medical field. Shri Shripal produced a degree of BEMS (Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine & Surgery Certificate), NEHM of India passed in year 2010, Smt. Sushma Devi also produced a degree of BEMS (Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine & Surgery Certificate), NEHM of India passed in year 2010 and both were identified to be present and give treatment to the patient at Laxmi Clinic. The name at Board and also on prescription Slip is mentioned of one Dr. Vishal Rajput, MBBS. On enquiry, Dr. Vishal Rajput s/o Shri Shripal produced MBBS degree passed from Mujjafar Nagar Medical College, Begh Rajpur, Mujjafar Nagar, U.P. in 2013 and also a Registration Certificate with the Delhi Medical Council vide Registration no. DMC/R/9256 dated 22nd April, 2013. Shri Shripal, Smt. Sushma Devi and Dr. Vishal Rajput also did not produce any Registration Certificate, record of the patients of the Laxmi Clinic. They also do not have any specific degree/qualification for conducting D&C procedure of the patient. Smt. Shushama Devi used to do all type of work related to gynecologist i.e. delivery, D&C procedure etc., Shri Shripal and Dr. Vishal Rajput used to treat other patients on clinic. Thereafter, as per the statement of the complainant, MLC, post-mortem report and enquiry was conducted, the above said case is registered against the alleged persons and investigation is being conducted. Therefore, it is requested to conduct detailed enquiry in the above said matter and take action against the above alleged persons/doctor and also pass appropriate directions in the above said matter. It is also requested to verify the registration certificate of Dr. Vishal Rajput and also suggest the needful actions/directions in the above said matter, which may help in investigation in the above said case. It is also requested to provide the certified copies of the guidelines to open a Clinic, treatment of the patient, eligibility/qualification of a doctor to conduct D&C procedure, guidelines for treatment, guidelines regarding maintaining record of the patients and minimum necessary facility in the clinic to conduct D&C procedure and minimum necessary staff for the same and their qualification etc. Kindly also provide all the necessary guidelines which may help in investigation in the above said case.

The complainant Shri Ajay Kumar stated that his wife Smt. Renu was pregnant and had abdominal pain and bleeding. So they approached Laxmi Clinic, Sita puri for treatment on 03rd June, 2022. Thereafter, in terms of the prescription of doctor at Laxmi clinic, an Ultra Sound was conducted. The reports were shown to the doctor at Laxmi Clinic who suggested for D & C and the same was done at Laxmi Clinic by a lady (seems to be a doctor). After that patient Renu was discharged on same day, but she continued to feel unusual abdominal pain. Thereafter, on next day the patient Smt. Renu again visited to Laxmi Clinic with severe abdominal pain. She was given one injection and some medicines to relieve her of pain. The abdominal pain was continuously increasing and the condition of the patient became very serious. On 07th June, 2022, the patient again visited Laxmi Clinic for treatment. On which the doctors (Male and Female) at Laxmi clinic advised them to go to any higher centre or another hospital because they did not have sufficient facility at clinic to treat the patient. Thereafter, the patient was admitted to DDU Hospital on 07th June, 2022 and during treatment she was declared dead on 08th June, 2022.

The complainant further alleged that his wife died due to medical negligence committed by doctors of Laxmi Clinic and strict action be taken against them.

Shri Shripal, Director, Laxmi Clinic in his written statement averred that Laxmi Clinic was started by him after completing his B.E.M.S. (Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine and Surgery) Course in the year 2010 and since thereafter, he is treating the patients through Electropathy. He doesn’t conduct any surgery but for identification of cause of disease and for right treatments recommend pathology tests at times. His line of treatment is only alternative system of medicines i.e. Electropathy.

He further averred that on 03rd June, 2022 Shri Ajay Kumar came to his clinic with a patient namely Smt. Renu and stated that she is having severe abdominal pain and bleeding. Shri Ajay Kumar also told him that his wife was pregnant and as she was bleeding, so he advised him to undergo Ultrasound Test as it could have been a case of Spontaneous Abortion. He also advised him to take advice from some competent doctor/ clinic after the tests. Thereafter, they went and never came back to his clinic. Lastly, he came to know that she had expired. The present complaint is also false as Dilatation and curettage (D and C) procedure never took place at their clinic. D & C is a surgical method which requires sedatives and sometimes even general anesthesia, vital monitors and instruments like sims vaginal speculum, sims vaginal wall retractor, sponge holding, vulsellum forceps hegar's cervical dilator, sims uterine curette, ayre's spatula, uterine sounds etc. therefore a proper ICU setting with all the above mentioned instruments, monitors, drugs will be required for this procedure and in their clinic there is no such arrangement. It is a small shop in 50 Sq. yards and even the medical reports suggest that no surgery of any kind ever took place in their Clinic. The termination of pregnancy could be Spontaneous Abortion and the reason of her death should be due to natural reasons. It is denied that his wife Smt. Sushma Devi used to do or does any type of work related to Gynaecologist. Per contra thus she is also qualified in Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine and Surgery (B.E.M.S.) but she is not practicing and is a housewife. Laxmi is the name of his deceased mother, so he preferred to use the same name for his clinic as a token of respect. Allegations qua his son Dr. Vishal Rajput is absolutely wrong as he has never practiced as a MBBS Doctor and is employed as a Senior Resident in Aakash Hospital, Dwarka since 16th July, 2022.

He further averred that Dr. Vishal Rajput was never part of Laxmi Clinic at any given point of time. He was never part of the clinic, thus after his MBBS was cleared he (Shri Shripal) got few letterheads and stamp of his name prepared as he was asking him to start his own practice but his inclination was only for further studies and then to work in some reputed hospital. As no treatment was administered to Smt. Renu in Laxmi Clinic, hence there are no records of the same. No registration of practicing in Electropathy Medicine and Surgery (BEMS) is required and hence there is no registration certificate of Laxmi Clinic. There are no Doctor (s) i.e. qualified MBBS in Laxmi Clinic.

It is therefore most respectfully prayed that the present complaint may kindly be closed being without any merits and absolutely false.

On enquiry by the Disciplinary Committee Shri Shripal admitted that it was he who on 02nd June, 22 had written an advice for tablet Mefcitda to Smt. Renu on the letter head of Laxmi Clinic. Similarly, on 03rd June, 2022 when Smt. Renu visited Laxmi Clinic he again on the letter head of the Laxmi Clinic has advised her ultrasound obstetrics and tablet Tranexa MF SOS after recording her L.M.P. as 24.04.2022 with uterine bleeding. He further admitted that he had also put the stamp impression of Dr. Vishal on prescription and forged his signatures.

Dr. Vishal Rajput, MD Medicine, Laxmi Clinic in his written statement averred that he is a qualified MBBS Doctor and have also completed MD Medicine in the year 2022. He is registered himself with the Delhi Medical Council and his registration No. is DMC/R/9256. He further averred that Laxmi Clinic is run by his father namely Shri Shripal who is practicing in Electropathy Medicine. A certificate of Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine and Surgery (BEMS) is issued by Naturo Electro Homoeopathy Medicos of India (NEHM of India) in the year 2010. He has also successfully completed MD in Electropathy Medicine and a certificate is also issued by Naturo Electro Homoeopathy Medicos of India (NEHM of India) in the year 2022.

He further averred that his father namely Shri Shripal is practicing in alternative field of medicine. After his MBBS, he has never practised as a Doctor independently or run any clinic. Though his father was interested that he should start his independent practice after his MBBS and even he (Shri Shripal) got few letter heads and stamp of his name prepared, but he preferred his choice for further studies and to work in reputed hospitals.

Smt. Sushma Devi, B.E.M.S., Laxmi Clinic in her written statement stated that she has completed her Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine and Surgery(BEMS) from Naturo Electro Homoeopathy Medicos of India (NEHM of India) out of her own personal interest and got Certificate of Bachelor of Electropathy Medicine and Surgery (BEMS) which was issued by NEHM Of India (Authorized By Ministry Of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India) in the year 2010.

She further stated that she is certified in Electropathy Medicine and Surgery but she never practised. Laxmi is the name of her mother in law and her husband started the said clinic after getting Certificate of BEMS. The allegations that in Laxmi Clinic, Dilatation and Curettage (D&C) procedure took place are absolutely wrong. D&C is a surgical method and in their clinic there is no such arrangement.

In view of the above, the Disciplinary Committee makes the following observations :-

1. It is observed that as per the brief history mention in the post-mortem report no. 1483/2022 of Department of Forensic Medicines Vardhman Mahavir Medical College and Safdarjung Hospital, it is mentioned that the complainant Shri Ajay Kumar got married to the patient Smt. Renu about eight years ago. The complainant and the patient had two girls from this wedlock. The patient was pregnant of about one and half months and she was suffering from pain abdomen and bleeding. Thereafter, she was taken to Laxmi Clinic, Sitapuri, Dabri for the treatment. On the prescription of the doctor, an ultrasound was conducted and after that, D&C procedure was done at Laxmi Clinic on 03rd June, 2022. Thereafter, she was discharged from Laxmi Clinic after one and half hour on 03rd June, 2022. Thereafter, she had severe abdominal pain and next day on 04th June, 2022, she again visited Laxmi Clinic for the treatment. The doctor at Laxmi Clinic gave some medicines and one injection for relief. The condition and abdominal pains were still increasing, so she was again taken to Laxmi Clinic on 07th June, 2022. Thereafter, Laxmi Clinic asked to take the patient to higher hospital, as the case had become serious. On which, the patient was admitted to DDU Hospital on 07th June, 2022. Thereafter, the surgery was done on 07th June, 2022 in DDU Hospital and the patient was shifted to ICU ward in DDU Hospital. After that, the patient was declared dead on 08th June, 2022.

It is further observed that earlier patient visited Laxmi Clinic on 02nd June, 2022 where she was prescribed tablet Mefcid TA. She revisited the clinic on 03rd June, 2022 in view of uterine bleeding on 03rd June, 2022 and her LMP was 22nd April, 2022, where she was given tablet Tranexa MF SOS and advised for USG obs. Thereafter, the patient went to Sanjeevani Diagnostic Centre on 03rd June, 2022 where USG lower abdomen on referral of Dr. Vishal Rajput was conducted. As reported by Dr. Dipak Kumar, findings were- LMP was 22nd April, 2022, GA (by LMP) 6 weeks 0 days, anteverted uterus containing single gestation sac with minimum peri sac collection. Good residual reaction is seen around the sac, yolk is seen, fetal pole is seen but cardiac pulsations are not yet seen, gestational sac diameter 1.52 c.m =5 weeks 6 days, internal os is closed, cervical length is 5.60 c.m., myometrial echoes normal, bilateral adnexa clear, bladder NAD and impression was single intrauterine pregnancy 5 weeks 6 days, maturity +- with minimum? Collection. Adviced-review USG-FWB after 2 to 3 weeks for fetal cardiac activity. On 07th June, 2022, at about 2:28 p.m. her ultrasound abdomen was done at Dr. Rajeev's Ultrasound Lab referred by Gautam Nursing Home wherein, as reported by Dr. Rajeev Choudhary, sludge was noted in gall bladder and gross ascites was seen with internal echoes. Endometrial thickness 3m.m. and uterus is normal in size and contour (81x41x36 m.m.) was reported and rest NAD. Impression was given as gross ascites with echoes and? perforation peritonitis. Alleged history of dilatation and evacuation procedure 4 days back at Laxmi Clinic, ?? perforation? peritonitis MLC no. 5067 dated 07th June, 2022 at 8.55 p.m., D.D.U. Hospital, Delhi. Their consent for laparotomy was taken, the surgery reference was done and injectabie medications were given. According to Death Summary of DDU Hospital, CR No.21894, dated 08th June, 2022 at 10.00 a.m., the patient was admitted to D.DU. Hospital, Delhi on 07th June, 2022 at 04.26 p.m. with complaints of pain abdomen since two days with history of D&C on 03rd June, 2022 (outside hospital). Provisional diagnosis of P2L2A1 with day four of D&E procedure with perforation peritonitis was made. USG showed moderate ascites. The decision for emergency laprotomy was taken. Preoperatively, the patient's heart rate was 115, blood-pressure was 80/50 mmHg, on Norad support, SPO2 was 95% with oxygen support and preoperative Hb was 9.9 mg/dl, platelet was 34K. Intraoperatively, ileal perforation was repaired and diversion loop ileostomy was done. Four units of FFP, four units platelets were transfused. The patient was shifted to ICU in view of hemodynamic instability. The patient was intubated on mechanical ventilation and on high vasopressor and inotropic support (Injection Norad and Dopamine infusion). The patient developed sudden cardiac arrest, for which, resuscitation was done according to latest ACLS guidelines (2020). ROSC was not achieved and the patient was declared dead on 08th June, 2022 at 10.00 a.m.

The provisional cause of death as per the Post Mortem report no.1483/2022 was shock as a result of DIC and perforation of Ileum peritonitis after Dilatation and Curettage possibility cannot be ruled out.

1. It is observed that as per the enquiry report/representation of police under consideration ,it is noted that the police (S.I. Rakesh Kumar Police Station Dabri) has mentioned that the Lady Doctor Smt. Sushma Devi used to do all type of work related to gynaecologist i.e. delivery, D&C procedure etc. Shri Shripal and Dr. Vishal Rajput used to treat other patients on clinic. Further, Shri Ajay Kumar husband (the complainant) of the patient also ascertained that some surgical procedure was done on his wife on 03rd June, 2022 by the doctors of Laxmi Clinic. It is thus, apparent that the patient Smt. Renu was subjected to D&C procedure at Laxmi Clinic on 03rd June, 2022, most likely by Smt. Sushma Devi, who is not qualified to undertake such medical procedure. This D&C procedure was done negligently, which resulted in perforation of ileum peritonitis, which led to DIC, because of which, the patient went into shock and expired on 08th June, 2022.
2. It is also observed that Shri Shripal admittedly on 02nd June, 2022 did prescribe tablet Mefcid TA and on 03rd June, 2022 tablet Tranexa MF, which both are allopathic medicine and Shri Shripal based on his qualification of BEMS, is not qualified to prescribe allopathic medicines.
3. It is apparent on perusal of prescriptions dated 02.06.2022 and 03.06.2022 in the letter head of Laxmi Clinic that the same bears the name of Dr. Vishal Rajput, MBBS with registration no.DMC/R/09256, have been misused by Shri Shripal for prescribing treatment to the patient. Infact, the prescription dated 03rd June, 2022 of Laxmi Clinic also bores the stamp impression of Dr. Vishal Rajput and admittedly his signatures, which have been forged by Shri Shripal.
4. It is observed that misuse of name of Dr. Vishal Rajput and his stamp impression by Shri Shripal who happen to be his father, apparently seems to being done in connivance with Dr. Vishal Rajput, as inspite of becoming aware of misuse of his letter head and stamp impression, Dr. Vishal Rajput has not initiated any criminal action against Shri Shripal.
5. It is observed that for practicing allopathic system of medicine in the NCT of Delhi, a person should hold recognized medical qualification as per the Schedule to the NMC Act and should be registered with the Delhi Medical Council. It is further observed that the qualification of B.E.M.S. is not a recognized qualification as per the Schedule to the NMC Act; hence, Shri Shripal and Smt. Sushma Devi being a holder of B.E.M.S. qualification are neither qualified nor authorized to practice in allopathic system of medicine.

*The Supreme Court of India in the matter titled Poonam Verma Vs. Ashwin Patel and Ors. (AIR 1996 SC 2111), has held that “A person who does not have knowledge of a particular system of medicine but practices in that system is a Quack and a mere pretender to medical knowledge or skill or to put it differently a charlatan.”*

*The Supreme Court of India in Dr. Mukhtiar Chand & Ors.Vs.State of Punjab & Ors. (JT 1998 (7) SC 78) has held that “A harmonious reading of Section 15 of 1956 Act (Indian Medical Council Act) and Section 17 of 1970 Act (Indian Medicine Central Council Act) leads to the conclusion that there is no scope for a person enrolled on the State Register of Indian medicine or Central Register of India Medicine to practice modern scientific medicine in any of its branches unless that person is also enrolled on a State Medical Register within the meaning of 1956 Act.”*

*The same was reaffirmed by Supreme Court in Civil Appeal No. 3541 of 2002 titled Martin F.D’Souza Vs. Mohd. Ishfaq, where it was held that “a professional may be held liable for negligence on the ground that he was not possessed of the requisite skill which he professes to have. Thus a doctor who has a qualification in Ayurvedic or homeopathic medicine will be liable if he prescribes allopathic treatment which causes some harm.”*

*The High Court of Delhi in W.P.(C) No.7865/2010 in the matter titled “Delhi Medical Association Versus Principal Secretary (Health) & Ors. has held that “no practitioner of Indian System of Medicine or holding a qualification as listed in the Schedule to the Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970, even if it be of in integrated medicine as defined in Section 2(h) of the Delhi Bharatiya Chikitsa Parishad Act, 1998, is entitled to practice modern scientific system of medicine as defined in the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 read with Indian Medical Degrees Act, 1916 and as has come to be known as Allopathic system of medicine. All the authorities concerned with enforcement of the provisions of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956, Delhi Medical Council Act, 1997, Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970 and the Delhi Bharatiya Chikitsa Parishad Act, 1998 and/or entrusted with the task of preventing persons not holding qualification as mentioned in the Schedules of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 from practicing modern scientific system of medicine, to not allow any person holding qualification in Indian Medicine as described in the Schedule to the Indian Medicine Central Council Act, 1970, even if holding a degree in integrated course as defined in the Delhi Bharatiya Chikitsa Parishad Act, 1998, from practicing modern scientific system of medicine.”*

1. It is observes that Dr. Vishal Rajput has been associating with unqualified persons in his professional practice which is in violation of the Regulation 1.6 of the Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette & Ethics) Regulations, 2002 which mandates that “every physician should aid in safeguarding the profession against admission to it of those who are deficient in moral character or education. Physician shall not employ in connection with his professional practice any attendant who is neither registered nor enlisted under the Medical Acts in force and shall not permit such persons to attend, treat or perform operations upon patients wherever professional discretion or skill is required”.

In light of the observations made herein-above, it is the decision of the Disciplinary Committee that Shri Shripal and Smt. Sushma Devi are unqualified persons, acted recklessly by indulging in the treatment of Smt. Renu, which was beyond their knowledge, skill and competence, with scant regard to the life and safety of the patient, which resulted in the death of Smt. Renu, and that the actions on the part of Shri Shripal and Smt. Sushma Devi constitute an act of criminal negligence, for which, they are liable to be prosecuted under the relevant provisions of Indian Penal Code in addition to section 27 of Delhi Medical Council Act, 1997. The Disciplinary Committee further recommends that the name of Dr. Vishal Rajput (Delhi Medical Council Registration No.DMC/R/9256) be removed from the State Medical Register for a period of 90 days and directs him that he should refrain from such unethical practices, in future.

Matter stands disposed.

Sd/: Sd/: Sd/:

(Dr. Maneesh Singhal) (Dr. Alok Bhandari) (Dr. Vijay Zutshi)

Chairman, Delhi Medical Association, Expert Member

Disciplinary Committee Member, Disciplinary Committee Disciplinary Committee

The Order of the Disciplinary Committee dated 02nd May, 2024 was taken up for confirmation before the Delhi Medical Council in its meeting held on 08th May, 2024 wherein “*whilst confirming the Order of the Disciplinary Committee, the Council observed that the punishment of removal of name awarded by the Disciplinary Committee to Dr. Vishal Rajput (Delhi Medical Council Registration No.DMC/R/9256) for a period of 90 days from the State Medical Register will not serve the interest of justice, as he has indulged in unethical conduct of promoting quackery; hence, the Council directs that punishment of removal of name of Dr. Vishal Rajput (Delhi Medical Council Registration No.DMC/R/9256) for a period of 90 days from the State Medical Register be enhanced and his name (Dr. Vishal Rajput, Delhi Medical Council Registration No.DMC/R/9256) be removed from the State Medical Register of the Delhi Medical Council for a period of 180 days and directs him that he should refrain from such unethical practices, for future.*

*The Council further observed that the opinion of the Council on the issue of medical negligence is final, however, the order directing the removal of name of (Dr. Vishal Rajput, Delhi Medical Council Registration No.DMC/R/9256) from the State Medical Register of Delhi Medical Council shall come into effect after 60 days from the date of the Order.*

*This observation is to be incorporated in the final Order to be issued. The Order of the Disciplinary Committee stands modified to this extent and the modified Order is confirmed”.*

 By the Order & in the name of

 Delhi Medical Council

 (Dr. Girish Tyagi) Secretary

Copy to :-

1. Shri Ajay Kumar, Through SHO, Police Station Dabri, New Delhi-110045 (***w.r.t.: FIR No.188/2023 Dated-03/03/2023 U/s 419/420/468/471/34/ IPC & 5 MTP Act PS Dabri, Distt. Dwarka, Delh***i)-**with a request to serve this Order upon Shri Ajay Kumar.**
2. Smt. Sushma Devi, Through Owner, Laxmi Clinic RZ-G-11, Som Bazar, 30 Feet Road, Sitaa Puri, Part-II, New Delhi-110045.
3. Dr. Vishal Rajput, Through Owner, Laxmi Clinic RZ-G-11, Som Bazar, 30 Feet Road, Sitaa Puri, Part-II, New Delhi-110045.
4. Shri Shripal, Owner, Laxmi Clinic RZ-G-11, Som Bazar, 30 Feet Road, Sitaa Puri, Part-II, New Delhi-110045.
5. SHO, Police Station Dabri, New Delhi-110045 (w.r.t.: FIR No.188/2023 Dated-03/03/2023 U/s 419/420/468/471/34/ IPC & 5 MTP Act PS Dabri, Distt. Dwarka, Delhi)-**for information & necessary action.**
6. National Medical Commission, Ethics & Medical Registration Board, Pocket-14, Sector-8, Dwarka, New Delhi-110077-**for information & necessary action.**

 (Dr. Girish Tyagi)

 Secretary